

QRD API & MCP — Developer Guide

Create, render, manage, and track QR codes programmatically over a simple REST API, or let an AI assistant do it through the QRD MCP server.

- **Base URL:** `https://qrd.cx` (replace with your deployment's URL if self-hosted)
- **API version:** `v1` (all endpoints are under `/api/v1`)
- **Format:** JSON in, JSON out (except image endpoints, which return binary)
- **Postman:** import `qrd-api.postman_collection.json`, then set the `baseUrl` and `apiKey` collection variables to try every endpoint.

1. Authentication

Every request must send an API key as a Bearer token:

```
Authorization: Bearer qrd_live_XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
```

Getting a key

1. Sign in to QRD and open **Settings** → **API & MCP**.
2. Click **Create key**, give it a label, and copy the token.
3. The full key is shown **once** — store it somewhere safe (a secrets manager, `.env`, etc.). If you lose it, revoke it and create a new one.

Keys act on behalf of a single organization. Anyone holding a key can use your quota and manage your codes, so treat them like passwords. Revoke compromised keys from the same screen.

2. Rate limits & plans

Each API call counts against a per-organization **daily quota**. Exceeding it returns `429 Too Many Requests`.

Plan	Daily requests	Active API keys	Max QR codes
Free	500	1	5
Pro	10,000	Unlimited	1,000
Enterprise	1,000,000	Unlimited	Unlimited

The API must be enabled for your deployment (`ENABLE_API_KEYS`). Your plan must include API access; otherwise create/list calls return `402 Payment Required`.

3. Quick start

```
# 1. Create a dynamic QR code (scans are tracked)
curl -X POST https://qrd.cx/api/v1/qr \
  -H "Authorization: Bearer qrd_live_..." \
  -H "Content-Type: application/json" \
  -d '{
    "title": "Storefront flyer",
    "targetUrl": "https://your-shop.com/deal",
    "type": "DYNAMIC",
    "tags": ["promo"],
    "appearance": { "foreground": "#101010", "size": 512 }
  }'

# The response includes the new code's "id" plus an inline "image" (PNG data URL).

# 2. Download the rendered image any time (uses the id from step 1)
curl -L "https://qrd.cx/api/v1/qr/QR_ID/image?format=png&size=512" \
  -H "Authorization: Bearer qrd_live_..." \
  -o qr.png
```

4. Concepts

Dynamic vs. static codes

- **DYNAMIC (default & recommended)** — the QR image encodes a short QRD link (`https://qrd.cx/r/<shortCode>`). Every scan is redirected through QRD, so it's **tracked** and you can change the destination later without reprinting.
- **STATIC** — the QR image encodes your `targetUrl` directly. Nothing is tracked and the destination can't be changed after printing.

The field `encodedUrl` in responses tells you exactly what a given code's image encodes.

Appearance

Optional visual settings, accepted when creating a code (stored on the code) and as query overrides on the image endpoint:

Field	Type	Notes
<code>foreground</code>	string	Hex color of the dark modules, e.g. <code>#101010</code>
<code>background</code>	string	Hex color of the light area, e.g. <code>#FFFFFF</code>
<code>size</code>	number	Image width in px, 64–2000
<code>margin</code>	number	Quiet-zone width in modules, 0–20
<code>errorCorrection</code>	string	<code>L</code> , <code>M</code> (default), <code>Q</code> , or <code>H</code>

5. Endpoints

All responses are wrapped as `{ "success": true, "data": ... }` on success or `{ "success": false, "error": "reason" }` on failure.

Create a QR code

POST `/api/v1/qr`

Body:

Field	Required	Description
<code>title</code>	yes	Display name (1–200 chars)
<code>targetUrl</code>	yes	Destination URL / payload
<code>type</code>	no	<code>DYNAMIC</code> (default) or <code>STATIC</code>
<code>tags</code>	no	Array of labels for filtering (max 20)
<code>appearance</code>	no	Appearance object (see above)

Returns `201` with the created code, including `encodedUrl` and an inline `image` (PNG data URL):

```
{
  "success": true,
  "data": {
    "id": "b1e5...",
    "shortCode": "Ab12Cd34",
    "title": "Storefront flyer",
    "targetUrl": "https://your-shop.com/deal",
    "type": "DYNAMIC",
    "status": "ACTIVE",
    "tags": ["promo"],
    "scans": 0,
    "encodedUrl": "https://qrd.cx/r/Ab12Cd34",
    "image": "..."
  }
}
```

List QR codes

GET /api/v1/qr

Query params: `page` (default 1), `perPage` (default 20, max 100), `search` (matches title or URL substring).

```
{
  "success": true,
  "data": {
    "items": [ /* QR records (no inline image) */ ],
    "total": 42, "page": 1, "perPage": 20, "totalPages": 3
  }
}
```

Get one QR code

GET /api/v1/qr/:id

Returns the single record, including `encodedUrl` and an inline `image`.

Render the QR image

GET /api/v1/qr/:id/image

Returns the actual image as binary (not JSON).

Query	Description
<code>format</code>	<code>png</code> (default) or <code>svg</code>
<code>foreground</code> , <code>background</code> , <code>size</code> , <code>margin</code> , <code>errorCorrection</code>	Per-request appearance overrides (see Appearance)

Content-Type is `image/png` or `image/svg+xml`. DYNAMIC codes encode the tracked short link; STATIC codes encode the raw target.

Update a QR code

`PATCH /api/v1/qr/:id`

Body (all optional): `title`, `targetUrl`, `status` (`ACTIVE` | `PAUSED` | `ARCHIVED`), `tags`. Returns the updated record.

Tip: changing `targetUrl` on a `DYNAMIC` code re-points every already-printed QR — no reprint needed.

Delete a QR code

`DELETE /api/v1/qr/:id`

Permanently deletes the code and its scan history. Returns `{ "success": true, "data": { "id": "..." } }`. **This cannot be undone.**

Read scan events (tracking)

`GET /api/v1/qr/:id/scans`

Returns the most recent scan events for a code (newest first).

Query	Description
<code>limit</code>	Max events, default 100, max 500

Each scan event includes:

```
{
  "id": "...",
  "scannedAt": "2026-07-09T12:34:56.000Z",
  "country": "CA",
  "city": "Montreal",
  "referrer": "https://instagram.com/",
  "userAgent": "Mozilla/5.0 ...",
  "viewerTimeZone": "America/Toronto",
  "viewerLocalHour": 8,
  "resolvedTargetUrl": "https://your-shop.com/deal?utm_source=..."
}
```

Only `DYNAMIC` codes produce scan events (static codes are not routed through QRD).

6. Scheduled email reports

Subscribe email addresses to a recurring performance summary for your whole organization (total scans, conversions, top codes, and top countries over the period). Reports are sent **weekly** or **monthly**.

Requires the reports feature to be enabled on the deployment (`ENABLE_REPORTS`) and an email provider configured for real delivery. Disabled deployments return `503` .

Create a report schedule

`POST /api/v1/reports`

Field	Required	Description
<code>recipients</code>	yes	1–20 email addresses
<code>cadence</code>	no	<code>weekly</code> (default) or <code>monthly</code>

```
curl -X POST https://qrd.cx/api/v1/reports \
  -H "Authorization: Bearer qrd_live_..." \
  -H "Content-Type: application/json" \
  -d '{ "recipients": ["owner@shop.com"], "cadence": "weekly" }'
```

```
{
  "success": true,
  "data": {
    "id": "...",
    "recipients": ["owner@shop.com"],
    "cadence": "weekly",
    "active": true,
    "lastSentAt": null,
    "createdAt": "2026-07-09T12:00:00.000Z"
  }
}
```

The first email goes out on the next scheduled run; subsequent emails follow the cadence.

List schedules

`GET /api/v1/reports` — returns all schedules for your organization.

Update a schedule

`PATCH /api/v1/reports/:id`

Body (all optional): `recipients` , `cadence` , `active` (set `false` to pause, `true` to resume). Returns the updated schedule.

Delete a schedule

`DELETE /api/v1/reports/:id` — stops and removes the schedule. Returns `{ "success": true, "data": { "id": "..." } }`.

Note on scope: reports are organization-wide summaries, not per-QR-code. For per-code metrics, poll `GET /api/v1/qrcode/:id/scans`.

7. Errors

All errors are JSON: `{ "success": false, "error": "reason" }`.

Status	Meaning
400	Malformed request (e.g. invalid JSON)
401	Missing / invalid API key
402	Plan doesn't include API access, or a limit is hit
404	Code not found (or not in your organization)
422	Validation error (bad field values)
429	Daily quota exceeded
503	API disabled on this deployment

8. MCP server (use QRD from AI assistants)

The `qrd-mcp` package lets AI clients (Cursor, Claude Desktop, and other MCP hosts) create and manage QR codes using your API key.

Setup

The server is published on npm as `qrd-mcp` — no repo access, clone, or build required. Add it to your MCP client config and it runs via `npx`:

```

{
  "mcpServers": {
    "qrd": {
      "command": "npx",
      "args": ["-y", "qrd-mcp"],
      "env": {
        "QRD_API_KEY": "qrd_live...",
        "QRD_API_BASE_URL": "https://qrd.cx"
      }
    }
  }
}

```

`QRD_API_KEY` is required. `QRD_API_BASE_URL` is optional and defaults to `https://qrd.cx`. (Requires Node.js 18+ available on the client machine.)

Tools

Tool	What it does
<code>qrd_create_qr</code>	Create a code (title, targetUrl, type, tags, appearance)
<code>qrd_render_qr</code>	Return the actual QR image (PNG or SVG) for an existing code
<code>qrd_update_qr</code>	Update title / targetUrl / status / tags
<code>qrd_delete_qr</code>	Permanently delete a code
<code>qrd_list_qr_codes</code>	List codes (pagination + search)

A typical AI flow: `qrd_create_qr` → `qrd_render_qr` to get a downloadable image.

9. Versioning

The current API version is `v1`. Backwards-incompatible changes will ship under a new version prefix (e.g. `/api/v2`). Additive fields may appear on existing responses without a version bump, so ignore unknown fields defensively.